# Nepal Airlines Corporation Syllabus for Technical Officer Grade- VI General Technical Services Internal Competition

## **Stages and Procedure of Examination System**

First Stage: Written Examination - Full Marks 200

Weightage Allocation and Marks Distribution

S.No.	Paper	Subject	Time	Full Mark	Section	Marks
1	I	General Knowledge, Institutional Awareness and Management	3 Hrs.	100	Section "A" General Knowledge	Multiple Choice Questions 25x2=50
					Section "B" Institutional Awareness and Management	Short Answer Questions 8x5=40 Long Answer Questions 1x10=10
2	II	Service Related	45 Min.	100	Multiple Choice Questions	50x2=100

**Second Stage -** Interview Individual Interview

Full Marks – 30

#### द्रष्टव्य :

- लिखित परीक्षाको माध्यम भाषा नेपाली वा अंग्रेजी वा दुबै हुनेछ ।
- २. प्रथम, द्वितीय र तृतीय पत्रको लिखित परीक्षा छुट्टाछुट्टै हुनेछ ।
- ३. लिखित परीक्षामा यथासम्भव पाठ्यक्रमका सबै एकाइबाट प्रश्नहरु सोधिनेछ ।
- ४. वस्तुगत बहुवैकित्पिक (Multiple Choice) प्रश्नहरूको गलत उत्तर दिएमा प्रत्येक गलत उत्तर वापत २० प्रतिशत अङ्ग कट्टा गरिनेछ तर उत्तर निदएमा त्यस बापत अङ्ग दिइने छैन र अङ्ग कट्टा पिन गरिने छैन ।
- ५. विषयगत प्रश्नमा प्रत्येक पत्र/विषयका प्रत्येक खण्डका लागि छुट्टाछुट्टै उत्तर पुस्तिकाहरु हुनेछन् । परीक्षार्थीले प्रत्येक खण्डका प्रश्नहरुको उत्तर सोही खण्डका उत्तर पुस्तिकामा लेख्नुपर्नेछ ।
- ६. यस पाठ्यक्रम योजना अन्तर्गतका पत्र/विषयका विषयवस्तुमा जेसुकै लेखिएको भए तापिन पाठ्यक्रममा परेका कानून, ऐन, नियम तथा नीतिहरु परीक्षाको मितिभन्दा ३ मिहना अगािड (संशोधन भएका वा संशोधन भई हटाइएका वा थप गरी संशोधन भई) कायम रहेकालाई यस पाठ्कममा परेको सम्भनु पर्दछ ।
- ७. प्रथम चरणको परीक्षाबाट छनौट भएका उम्मेदवारलाई मात्र द्वितीय चरणको परीक्षामा सम्मिलित गराइनेछ ।
- यस भन्दा अगाडि लागू भएका माथि उल्लिखित सेवा/समूहको पाठ्यक्रम खारेज गरिएको छ ।
- ९. पाठ्यक्रम लागू मिति :- २०७९।०५।०४

## Paper I

# General Knowledge, Institutional Awareness and Management

Full Marks: 100 Time: 3 Hrs.

#### Section: A (General Knowledge 25x2=50 Marks)

- 1.1 Geography of Nepal and the World (10 Marks)
  - 1.1.1 Continent, Ocean, Pole, Latitude, Longitude, Time, Distance, Mountains, Deserts, Rivers, Glaciers, Lakes, Climate, Trade Winds, Monsoon
  - 1.1.2 Physical, Socio-cultural and Economic Geography, Major Natural Resources and Demography of Nepal
- 1.2 History and Culture (10 Marks)
  - 1.2.1 Majors Historical Events of the World
  - 1.2.2 Notable Events, Personalities and Socio-cultural Aspects of Ancient, Medieval and Modern History of Nepal
  - 1.2.3 Customs, Traditions, Values, Religions, Ethnicity, Languages, Cultures, Arts, Literature, Music and Heritages of Nepal
- 1.3 Economic Aspects of Nepal (10 Marks)
  - 1.3.1 Economic Indicators (Economic Growths, GDP, GNP, Per Capita Income, Remittance, Foreign Aid and Investment)
  - 1.3.2 Infrastructures of Development (Agriculture, Industry, Trade, Tourism, Transportation, Communication, Health, Electricity)
  - 1.3.3 Government Planning and Budgeting
- 1.4 Governance and Organizations (10 Marks)
  - 1.4.1 The constitution of Nepal; Federal Provincial and local governance
  - 1.4.2 General information about UNO, WTO, ICAO, WB, ADB, AIIB, SAARC and BIMSTEC
- 1.5 Contemporary Issues (10 Marks)
  - 1.5.1 Information on sustainable development, environment, pollution, climate change, biodiversity, demography, Urbanization, Science and technology
  - 1.5.2 Recent advanced and major achievements in Aviation Sector
  - 1.5.3 Major events and current affairs of national and international importance

#### Section B: –Institutional Awareness and Management (25x2=50 Marks)

#### 2. Management Concepts (1x10) + (4x5) = 30 Marks

- 2.1. Concept of Management, modern approaches to management
- 2.2 Vision Mission, Goal, Objectives, Targets, Strategies, Organization Structure
- 2.3 Authority and power Delegation, Leadership, Control, Coordination, Motivation, Team Work and Group dynamics
- 2.4 Managing workforce diversity and appreciative inquiry
- 2.5 Quality management and TQM Techniques
- 2.6 Time management, conflict management, crisis management, stress management, customer care
- 2.7 Outsourcing, inventory control
- 2.8 Job description, training, performance evaluation system
- 2.9 Corporate and strategic planning and management, corporate social responsibility
- 2.10 Ethics, integrity and accountability

## 3. Institutional Awareness (4x5=20 Marks)

- 3.1 History of Civil Aviation in Nepal
- 3.2 Nepal Airlines Corporation: Introduction, Objective and Scope
- 3.3 Current Employees' Service and Conditions Regulation of NAC (Leaves, Conducts, Discipline and Disciplinary Actions)
- 3.4 Corruption Control Act, 2059
- 3.5 Functions, Duties and Rights of Ministry of Culture, Tourism and Civil Aviation
- 3.6 Functions, Duties and Rights of Civil Aviation Authority of Nepal

## Paper II

Subject: Service Related

Full Marks: 100 (Multiple Choice Questions 50x2)

Time: 45 Minutes

#### 1. Workshop and Maintenance Practices

(5x2=10 Marks)

#### 1.1 Bench Tools and Basic Hand Operations

- 1.1.1 Familiarization with tools and their use
- 1.1.2 Types of screw drivers
- 1.1.3 Classification of files
- 1.1.4 Types of pliers and cutters
- 1.1.5 Soldering and brazing equipment

## 1.2. Machine Shop Practice:

- 1.2.1. Accident Prevention and Safety Precautions in Machine Shop.
- 1.2.2. Limits, Fits and Tolerances: (Definitions, System and Uses), Representation in engineering drawing.

#### 1.3. Measuring and Gauging:

- 1.3.1. Semi-precision tools such as rules, scales, try square, inside/outside clipers, depth gauge, feeler gages
- 1.3.2 Precision tools such as micrometers, vernier calipers, vernier height gages, telescoping gages, hole gages, bevel protractors, dial indicators, gage blocks and surface plates
- 1.3.2 Engineering drawings, diagram & standards: orthographic projection. First Angle & third angle, isometric and oblique projection. Wiring diagrams & schematic diagrams Standard conventions, symbols and legends, scale and dimensioning. Specific Symbolic representation, limit/fits/tolerances

#### 2. Electronic Fundamentals and semi conductors

**5x2=10 Marks** 

- 2.1 Diode, Symbols, characteristics and properties, main characteristics and use of silicon controlled rectifiers (SCR thyristors), LED, photo conductive diode, varistor, rectifier diode, functional testing of diodes, Zenner Diode.
- 2.2 Transistors symbols, component description, transistor characteristics and properties of transistor, testing of Transistors.
- 2.3 Integrated circuit (IC)
- 2.4 Description and operation of logic circuits and linear circuit, operational amplifier used as: integrator, differentiator, voltage follower, comparator, advantage and disadvantage of positive and negative feedback
- 2.5 Printed circuit boards: description and use of PCB

#### 3. Engineering Economics

5x2=10 Marks

- 3.1 Introduction
  - 3.1.1 The role of engineers in organization
- 3.1.2 Types of engineering decisions.
- 3.1.3 The elements of cost.
- 3.1.4 Direct and indirect costs
- 3.1.5 Overhead cost allocation.

- 3.2 Project Evaluation Techniques
- 3.2.1 Payback period.
- 3.2.2 Benefit and flaws of payback period method.
- 3.2.3 Net Present Value (NPV) Criterion
- 3.2.4 The meaning of Net Present Value
- 3.2.5 Future value and annual equivalent analysis
- 3.3 Investment Decisions
- 3.3.1 Independent and dependent projects
- 3.3.2 Multiple alternative comparison by NPV method
- 3.3.3 Multiple alternative comparison by IRR Method

## 4. Technological Management:

5x2=10 Marks

- 4.1 Production process and Productivity, Concept of Time and motion study
- 4.2 Materials Handling. (Safe and Efficient handling Procedures)
- 4.3 Quality Control: Objective and Importance, TQM Concept and application.
- 4.4 Inventory Management: Meaning and Necessity: EOQ Models
- 4.5 Estimating and Costing: Estimating and Costing of Jobs and Services/ Calculations
- 4.6 SOP of jobs/services (Concept and benefits): Requirement of SOP
- 4.7 Rules and Regulations of General Technical Activities

#### 5. Industrial Hygiene and safety:

**5x2=10 Marks** 

- 5.1 Industrial Environment: Health Hazards and Their Prevention.
- 5.2 Pollution in Industrial Environment (Air Pollution, Industrial Vibration, Noise Pollution, Radiations).
- 5.3 Electrical Accident Prevention (Electrocution/Electrical fires /Short Circuits)
- 5.4 Industrial Lighting and Ventilation (Concept)
- 5.5 Fire Protection.
  - 5.5.1 Fire Hazards and principles of prevention
  - 5.5.2. Storage of Explosives and flammable inventories
  - 5.5.3 Fire Alarm System (Basic Concept and Operating Techniques)
  - 5.5.4. Suppression of fire and firefighting equipment
- 5.6. Chemical handling: Effects of Toxic Materials. Store of Toxic Materials
- 5.7 Safety Requirements of industrial Equipment and Processes: Machine Guarding, Operating Controls, Safeguards, Interlocks, signals and Colors, Hoisting, Loading and Handling Mechanisms/ Procedures.
- 5.8. Three types Safety (Personal/Equipment/Job)

## **6.** Metrology( Measurement Techniques)

5x2=10 Marks

- 6.1 Standard, Units of Measurement used in Engineering Practices.
- 6.2 Measuring Instruments (Construction, Types, Applications and Care).
  - 6.2.1 Measurements: Precision and Non-precision.
  - 6.2.2 For Surface Level, Surface Straightness Measurements: Spirit Level, Straight Edge, etc.
  - 6.2.3 Graduation. (Calibration) and Reading of Measuring Instruments.
  - 6.2.4 Error, its Types and Measurement of Errors

#### 7. Electrical Fundamentals

10x2=20 Marks

- 7.1 Basic Concept of Electricity
- 7.1.2 Electric charge and current

- 7.1.3 Conventional versus electron flow
- 7.1.4 Potential difference and electromotive force
- 7.1.5 Conductors, insulators and electron flow
- 7.1.6 Resistance and its variation with temperature and related numerical
- 7.1.7 Direct and alternating current Unit
- 7.2 Electric Circuit Fundamentals
- 7.2.1 Circuit elements: Resistor, Inductor, Capacitor
- 7.2.2 Electric current and voltage: definition and explanation.
- 7.3 Series and Parallel Circuits
- 7.3.1 Resistive circuits with dc excitation
- 7.3.2 Resistor in parallel, resistors in series
- 7.3.3 Potential drop and potential rise
- 7.3.4 Circuits fed from voltage sources, from current sources
- 7.3.5 Output resistances of sources and effects on terminal characteristics
- 7.3.6 Power and energy considerations in dc circuits
- 7.4 Kirchhoff's Laws
- 7.4.1 Kirchhoff's loop voltage and branch current laws for DC circuits
- 7.4.2 Loop and nodal formulations of circuit equations
- 7.4.3 Matrix Method of writing and solving simultaneous equations of networks
- 7.5 Network Analysis Theorems
- 7.5.1 Maximum power transfer
- 7.5.2 Thevenin's equivalent circuit
- 7.5.3 Norton's equivalent circuit
- 7.5.4 Reciprocity
- 7.6 Single phase AC Circuit analysis
- 7.6.1 Series, parallel and network circuits with ac excitation and resistances only
- 7.6.2 The concept of complex impedance and admittance
- 7.6.3 Sinusoidal excitation of inductive and capacitive reactances and complex impedances.
- 7.6.4 Concept of time phase differences between various sinusoidal quantities
- 7.6.5 Sinusoidal waveform and phasor representation of AC quantities
- 7.7 Power and energy in AC Circuits
- 7.7.1 Effective value of sinusoidal and other waveforms of voltages and currents
- 7.7.2 Power and energy balances in ac excited circuits containing various combinations of resistors, capacitors and inductors.
- 7.7.3 Instantaneous power, average real power, reactive power, power factor
- 7.7.4 Measurement of real and reactive power
- 7.8 Three Phase Circuit Analysis
- 7.8.1 AC circuits with several ac sources
- 7.8.2 The three phase excitation case
- 7.8.3 Phase relationships between line and phase quantities in three phase circuits
- 7.8.4 Real and reactive power in three phase circuits
- 7.8.5 Measurement of real and reactive power
- 7.8.6 Single phase representation of balanced three phase circuits
- 7.8.7 Power factor and power factor correction
- 7.9 DC Motor/Generator
- 7.9.1 Basis motor and generator theory
- 7.9.2 Construction and purpose of components in DC generator, series wound, shunt wound and compound motors starter generator construction.

#### 8. Probability and Statistics

#### 5x2=10

- **8.1** Descriptive Statistics and Basic Probability
- **8.1.1** Introductions in statistics and its importance in engineering

- **8.1.2** Describing data with graphs (bar, pie, line diagram, box plot)
- **8.1.3** Describing data with numerical measure (measuring center, measuring variability
- **8.1.4** Basic probability additive law, multiplic active law, Baye's theorem

#### **8.2 Discrete Probability Distribution**

- 8.2.1 Discrete random variable
- 8.2.2 Binomial probability distributions
- 8.2.3 Negative binomial distribution
- 8.2.4 Poison distribution
- 8.2.5 Hyper geometric distributions

#### **8.3 Continuous Probability Distributions**

- 8.3.1 Continuous random variable and probability densities
- 8.3.2 Normal distribution
- 8.3.3 Gama distribution
- 8.3.4 Chi-square distribution

#### **8.4 Sampling Distribution**

- 8.4.1 Population and sample
- 8.4.2 Central limit theorems
- 8.4.3 Sampling distribution of sample mean
- 8.4.4 Sampling distributing of sampling proportion

#### 8.5 Correlation and regression

- 8.5.1 Least Square methods
- 8.5.2 An analysis of variance of linear regression model
- 8.5.3 Inferences concerning least square method
- 8.5.4 Multiple correlation and regression

#### 8.6 Inference concerning mean

- 8.6.1 Point estimation and interval estimation
- 8.6.2 Test of hypothesis
- 8.6.3 Hypothesis test concerning one mean
- 8.6.4 Hypothesis test concerning two mean
- 8.6.5 One way ANOVA

#### 8.7 Inference concerning proportion

- 8.7.1 Estimation of proportions
- 8.7.2 Hypotheses concerning one proportion
- 8.7.3 Hypotheses concerning two proportions
- 8.7.4 Chi-square test of independence

#### 8.8Application of computer on statistical data computing

- 8.8.1 Application of computer in computing statistical problem e.g. Scientific
- 8.8.2 Calculator, EXCEL, SPSS, Matlab, etc.

#### 9. Thermodynamics

#### 5x2=10

# **9.1 Thermodynamic Properties**

- 9.1.1 closed systems
- 9.1.2 open systems
- 9.1.3 working substances
- 9.1.4 the pure substance; properties and state

#### 9.2 First law of Thermodynamics

9.2.1 Thermodynamic cycle; equivalence of heat and work

- 9.2.2 Control Volumes
- 9.2.3 Non flow and steady flow system
- 9.3 Second Law of Thermodynamics
- 9.3.1 Heat Engine and Refrigenator, Convertibility of heat and work, efficiency
- 9.3.2 Kelvin-Plank Statement of second law
- 9.3.3 Clausis statement of second law
- 9.3.4 Application to processes; Clausis Inequality
- 9.3.5 Entropy; entropy of pure substance, entropy change for reversible and irreversible processes; entropy change for an ideal gas
- 9.3.6 Second Law for a control volume
- 9.3.7 Processes; stedy-state, steady flow, Uniform-state, uniform flow

#### 9.4 Conversation of Energy

- 9.4.1 Measuring potential, kinetic and internal energy
- 9.4.2 Heat and Thermal Equilibrium
- 9.4.3 Enthalpy Applied to the steady flow energy equation

#### 9.5 Processes for an ideal Gas

- 9.5.1 The ideal gas and equation of state
- 9.5.2 Specific heat; Constant volume C<sub>v</sub>; Constant Pressure C<sub>p</sub>
- 9.5.3 Boyle's Law and Charle's Law
- 9.5.4 The gas constant and relationship between  $C_p$  and  $C_v$
- 9.5.5 Internal energy and enthalpy
- 9.5.6 Constant volume and constant pressure process for the P-V and T-s Planes
- 9.5.7 Isothermal process
- 9.5.8 Adiabatic and Isentropic process on T-φ diagrams; relationship among p, V and T and work and heat, polytropic Specific heat.